

§ 661.100

661.290 Under what circumstances may States require Local Boards to take part in regional planning activities?

Subpart C—Local Governance Provisions

- 661.300 What is the Local Workforce Investment Board?
- 661.305 What is the role of the Local Workforce Investment Board?
- 661.310 Under what limited conditions may a Local Board directly be a provider of core services, intensive services, or training services, or act as a One-Stop Operator?
- 661.315 Who are the required members of the Local Workforce Investment Boards?
- 661.320 Who must chair a Local Board?
- 661.325 What criteria will be used to establish membership of the Local Board?
- 661.330 Under what circumstances may the State use an alternative entity as the local workforce investment board?
- 661.335 What is a youth council, and what is its relationship to the Local Board?
- 661.340 What are the responsibilities of the youth council?
- 661.345 What are the requirements for the submission of the local workforce investment plan?
- 661.350 What are the contents of the local workforce investment plan?
- 661.355 When must a local plan be modified?

Subpart D—Waivers and Work-Flex

- 661.400 What is the purpose of the general statutory and regulatory waiver authority provided at section 189(i)(4) of the Workforce Investment Act?
- 661.410 What provisions of WIA and the Wagner-Peyser Act may be waived, and what provisions may not be waived?
- 661.420 Under what conditions may a Governor request and the Secretary approve a general waiver under section 189(i)(4)?
- 661.430 Under what conditions may the Governor submit a workforce flexibility plan?
- 661.440 What limitations apply to the State's Workforce Flexibility Plan authority under WIA?

AUTHORITY: Sec. 506(c), Pub. L. 105-220; 20 U.S.C. 9276(c).

SOURCE: 64 FR 18694, Apr. 15, 1999, unless otherwise noted.

20 CFR Ch. V (4-1-00 Edition)

Subpart A—General Governance Provisions

§ 661.100 What is the workforce investment system?

Under title I of WIA, the workforce investment system provides the framework for delivery of workforce investment activities at the State and local levels to individuals who need those services, including job seekers, dislocated workers, youth, incumbent workers, new entrants to the workforce, veterans, persons with disabilities, and employers. Each State's Governor is required, in accordance with the requirements of this Part, to establish a State Board; to designate local workforce investment areas; and to oversee the creation of Local Boards and One-Stop service delivery systems in the State.

§ 661.110 What is the role of the Department of Labor as the Federal governmental partner in the governance of the workforce investment system?

(a) Successful governance of the workforce investment system will be achieved through cooperation and coordination of Federal, State and local governments.

(b) The Department of Labor sees as one of its primary roles providing leadership and guidance to support a system that meets the objectives of title I of WIA, and in which State and local partners have flexibility to design systems and deliver services in a manner designed to best achieve the goals of WIA based on their particular needs. These regulations provide the framework in which State and local officials can exercise such flexibility within the confines of the statutory requirements. Wherever possible, system features such as design options and categories of services are not narrowly defined, and are subject to State and local interpretation.

(c) The Secretary, in consultation with other Federal Agencies, as appropriate, may publish guidance on interpretations of statutory and regulatory